

ASPIRE Workshop 5: Data Collection Tools

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Outline

- Data collection tools
- Data management techniques using Microsoft Excel®

Note: Supplemental Slides on Statistical Analysis are posted on the ASPIRE website under Session 5's "Useful Tools" section:
<http://aspirekpc.com/session-materials.html>

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DATA COLLECTION TOOLS

OPEN THE "ASPIRE_DATASET FOR PRACTICE_NO PATIENT DATA" EXCEL DOCUMENT

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Examples of Data Collection Tools

Centralized database

- Ex. Redcap: <https://projectredcap.org/>
- HIPAA compliant, with online and offline data capture capabilities
- Allows for data validation, branching logic, basic calculations, and can export entered data to most statistical packages



Spreadsheet-based, e.g. Excel®

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Excel as a Data Collection Tool

Keep in mind what you will be doing with the spreadsheet after entering the data

- Consider how to enter data to make analysis easier

Suggestions to consider:

- Better to enter more “raw” data, and perform calculations in Excel
 - For example, if calculating length of stay: create a column for admission date and discharge date, then calculate difference in dates in another column
- Enter data into Excel cell in a usable form
 - Can use a separate data dictionary to code entries
- Avoid entering more than one data point into the same cell
 - Cannot perform calculations
- Employ data validation techniques to avoid errors

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Importance of Creating a Good Data Collection Tool to Minimize Possible Errors

Excel errors and science papers

Sep 7th 2016, 14:23 BY THE DATA TEAM

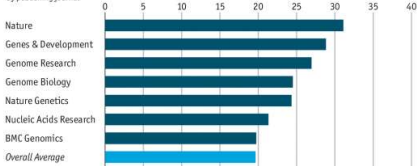


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Tweet

#VALUE! error

Genomics papers with spreadsheet errors in supplementary files, 2005-15, %
By publishing journal



<http://www.economist.com/blogs/graphicdetail/2016/09/daily-chart-3>
Accessed September 24, 2016.

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DATA MANAGEMENT IN EXCEL®

Quick Excel® Tips 'N Tricks

- Excel does not treat blank cells as zero
- If there are blank cells and you are performing a function on these cells, use "" to indicate blank
- If referring to words in an Excel formula, such as counting the number of females, enter the words in quotes, i.e. "female"
- If intend to copy your formula and apply it down an entire column and do not want the cells references in a formula to change, use the \$ sign:
 - For example: A\$1:B\$88 vs. A1: B88

Basic Spreadsheet Manipulation

- Using the data fill handle
 - Task: enter "4" into HF clinic duration and use the fill handle to drag down 10 cells (then undo)


F	G	H	I
Discharge_Dt	HF Clinic Duration	BL_EF_actual	Beta blocker_baseline
37372	4		Metoprolol
37658		40	Metoprolol

Hold mouse over bottom right corner until a '+' forms. This is the fill handle.

Basic Spreadsheet Manipulation

- Using the data fill handle

Discharge_Dt	HF Clinic Duration
37372	4
37658	
37522	
37693	
37671	
37762	
37627	
37476	
37453	



Discharge_Dt	HF Clinic Duration
37372	4
37658	4
37522	4
37693	4
37671	4
37762	4
37627	4
37476	4
37453	4

10

Basic Spreadsheet Manipulation

- Select the entire column/row/spreadsheet
 - Task 1: select row 3 of the spreadsheet

	ID	Group	Gender	Age
1				
2	1	COPD	M	80
3	131	NoCOPD	F	82
4	2	COPD	M	61

Select the number 3 on the left. A black arrow should form.

11

Basic Spreadsheet Manipulation

- Select the entire column/row/spreadsheet
 - Task 2: select column D of the spreadsheet

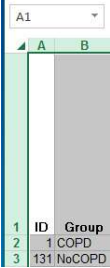
	C	D	E
Gender			
M			
F			
Age			
Enroll_Dt			

Select column D at the top. A black arrow should form.

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Basic Spreadsheet Manipulation

- Select the entire column/row/spreadsheet
 - Task 3: select the entire spreadsheet



Select the top left corner where there is a triangle. A white plus sign should form.

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Basic Spreadsheet Manipulation

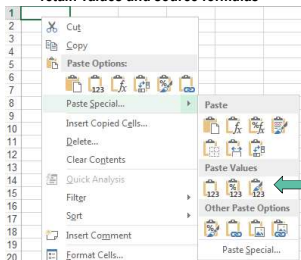
- Paste special: can retain formatting or formulas when copy/paste
 - Task: copy the first 5 columns and first 10 rows, then use paste special to retain values and source formulas

	A	B	C	D	E
1	ID	Group	Gender	Age	Enroll Dt
2	1	COPD	M	80	1/25/02
3	131	NoCOPD	F	82	10/15/02
4	2	COPD	M	61	11/1/02
5	83	NoCOPD	M	64	2/10/03
6	129	NoCOPD	M	61	11/15/01
7	3	COPD	F	76	8/13/02
8	19	NoCOPD	F	77	10/26/01
9	147	NoCOPD	M	80	3/21/02
10	4	COPD	F	74	4/10/02

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Basic Spreadsheet Manipulation

- Paste special: can retain formatting or formulas when copy/paste
 - Task: copy the first 5 columns and first 10 rows, then use paste special to retain values and source formulas



Select values & source formatting (E)

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Freeze Panes(s) in a Dataset

- Task: freeze top row of dataset

Freeze Panes
Keep rows and columns visible while the rest of the worksheet scrolls (based on current selection).

Freeze Top Row
Keep the top row visible while scrolling through the rest of the worksheet.

Freeze First Column
Keep the first column visible while scrolling through the rest of the worksheet.

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Freeze Panes(s) in a Dataset

- Task: freeze both top row and first column of dataset

	ID	Group	Gender
1			
2	1	COPD	M
3	131	NoCOPD	F

Select first cell next to the column and row of interest (in this case, cell B2)

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Freeze Panes(s) in a Dataset

- Task: freeze both top row and first column of dataset

Freeze Panes
Keep rows and columns visible while the rest of the worksheet scrolls (based on current selection).

Freeze Top Row
Keep the top row visible while scrolling through the rest of the worksheet.

Freeze First Column
Keep the first column visible while scrolling through the rest of the worksheet.

While B2 is selected, select freeze panes

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Formatting Cells

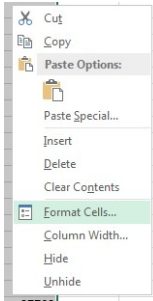
- Task: format column F (discharge date) as a date (mm/dd/yy)

nroll_Dt	Discharge_Dt	HF Clinic Duration
1/25/02	37372	
10/15/02	37658	
1/11/02	37522	
2/10/03	37693	
11/15/01	37671	

Select all of column F

Formatting Cells

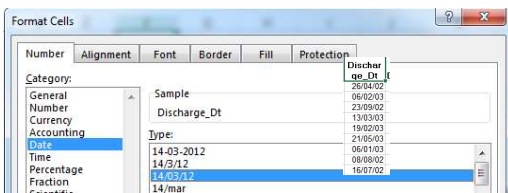
- Task: format column F (discharge date) as a date (mm/dd/yy)



Right click on the column and select format cells

Formatting Cells

- Task: format column F (discharge date) as a date (mm/dd/yy)



Select date and choose the desired formatting option. Click OK to accept.

Formatting Cells

- Task: format column F (discharge date) as a date (mm/dd/yy)

Discharge Date
26/04/02
06/02/03
23/09/02
13/03/03
19/02/03
21/05/03
06/01/03
08/08/02
16/07/02

Formatted dates

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Formatting Cells

- Task: Custom format ID (column A) to include 3 digits

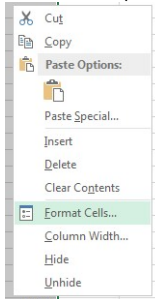
	A	B
1	ID	Group
2	1	COPD
3	131	NoCOPD
4	2	COPD
5	83	NoCOPD
6	129	NoCOPD

Select all of column A

23

Formatting Cells

- Task: Custom format ID (column A) to include 3 digits



Right click on the column and select format cells

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Formatting Cells

- Task: Custom format ID (column A) to include 3 digits

Select custom format and option to include 3 figures without a decimal point. Replace # signs with zeros.

Formatting Cells

- Task: Custom format ID (column A) to include 3 digits

1	ID
2	001
3	131
4	002
5	083
6	129
7	003
8	019
9	147
10	004
11	124

Formatted IDs to all include 3 digits

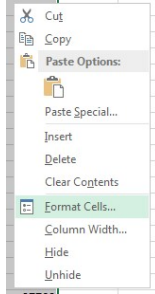
Formatting Cells

- Task: highlight the row for patient number 147 (row 9) in red

1	ID	Group	Gender	Age	Enroll_Dt	Discharge_Dt	HF Clinic Duration
2	1	COPD	M	80	1/25/02	37372	
3	131	NoCOPD	F	82	10/15/02	37658	
4	2	COPD	M	61	1/11/02	37522	
5	83	NoCOPD	M	64	2/10/03	37693	
6	129	NoCOPD	M	61	11/15/01	37671	
7	3	COPD	F	76	8/13/02	37762	
8	19	NoCOPD	F	77	10/26/01	37627	
9	147	NoCOPD	M	80	3/21/02	37476	
10	4	COPD	F	74	4/10/02	37453	

Formatting Cells

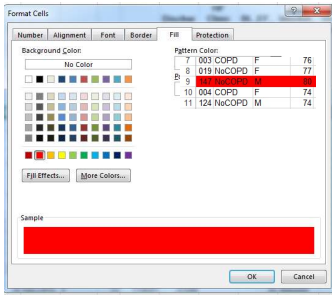
- Task: highlight the row for patient number 147 (row 9) in red



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Formatting Cells

- Task: highlight the row for patient number 147 (row 9) in red



29

Formatting Cells

- Task: highlight the row for patient number 147 (row 9) in red

7	003	COPD	F	76
8	019	NoCOPD	F	77
9	147	NoCOPD	M	80
10	004	COPD	F	74
11	124	NoCOPD	M	74

Patient 147 highlighted in red

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Formatting Cells

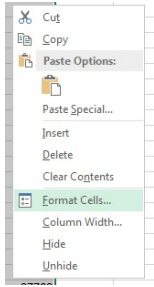
- Task: change columns P, Q, R (SBP, DBP, HR) to be vertical or horizontal

O	P	Q	R	S
BB D/C'd overall	SBP	DBP	HR	Hypotension

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Formatting Cells

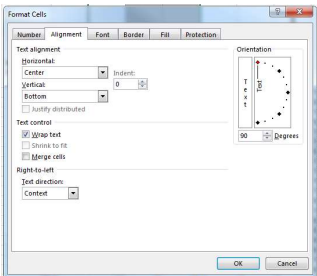
- Task: change columns P, Q, R (SBP, DBP, HR) to be vertical or horizontal



32

Formatting Cells

- Task: change columns P, Q, R (SBP, DBP, HR) to be vertical or horizontal

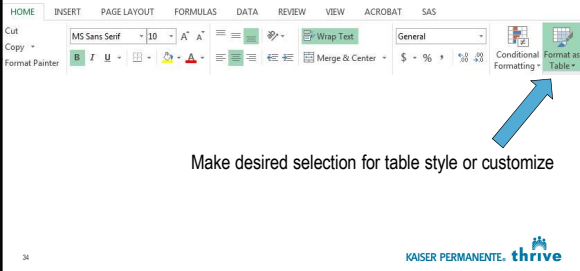


Enter 90 degrees orientation for vertical text or 180 degrees orientation for horizontal

33

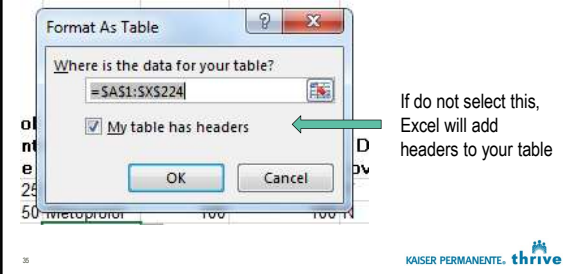
Format as a Table

- Task: change excel spreadsheet to a table



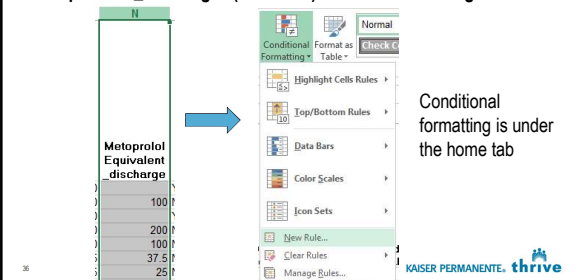
Format as a Table

- Task: change excel spreadsheet to a table



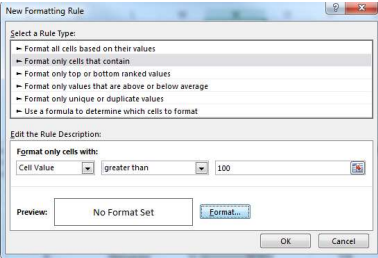
Conditional Formatting

- Task: use conditional formatting to shade cells in "metoprolol equivalent_discharge" (column N) with value >100 in green



Conditional Formatting

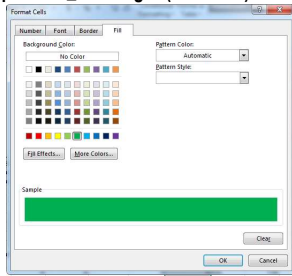
- Task: use conditional formatting to shade cells in “metoprolol equivalent_discharge” (column N) with value >100 in green



Select format

Conditional Formatting

- Task: use conditional formatting to shade cells in “metoprolol equivalent_discharge” (column N) with value >100 in green



Select green and OK

Conditional Formatting

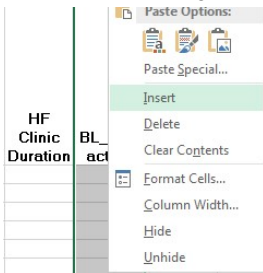
- Task: use conditional formatting to shade cells in “metoprolol equivalent_discharge” (column N) with value >100 in green

100
200
100
12.5
150
200
100
50
50

Cells with values >100 are highlighted in green

Data Validation

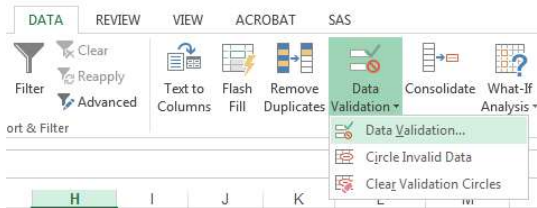
- Task: create a column after "HF clinic duration" for "smoking status" with the following choices: current, past, never



Highlight entire column next to HF clinic duration. Right click and select insert.

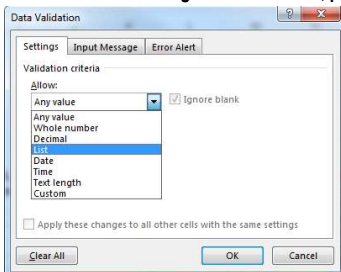
Data Validation

- Task: create a column after "HF clinic duration" for "smoking status" with the following choices: current, past, never



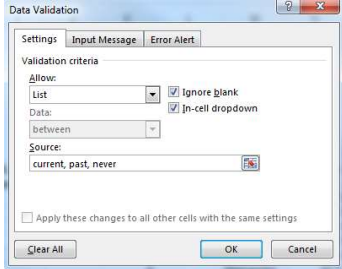
Data Validation

- Task: create a column after "HF clinic duration" for "smoking status" with the following choices: current, past, never



Data Validation

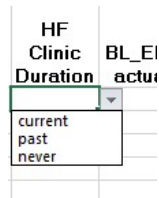
- Task: create a column after "HF clinic duration" for "smoking status" with the following choices: current, past, never



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Data Validation

- Task: create a column after "HF clinic duration" for "smoking status" with the following choices: current, past, never



Dropdown menu for selection with current, past, never

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Data Validation

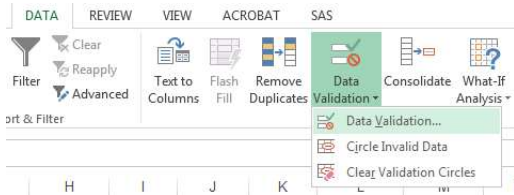
- Task: change columns "SBP" and "DBP" to only allow numbers

	Q	R
I	SBP	DBP
	104	64
	150	78
	86	54
	110	80
	108	80
	100	60
	164	80
	112	64
	124	54

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Data Validation

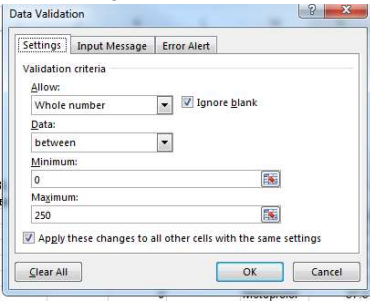
- Task: change columns "SBP" and "DBP" to only allow numbers



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Data Validation

- Task: change columns "SBP" and "DBP" to only allow numbers

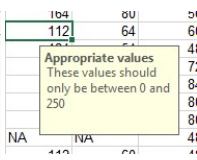
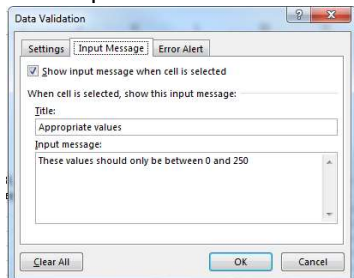


Set criteria specific to expected values in that column

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Data Validation

- Task: Exploration

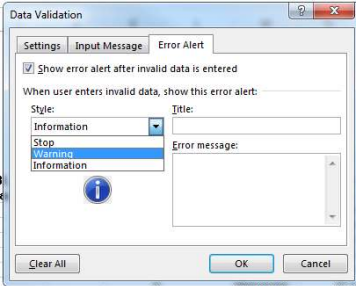


Message will appear before user enters any information

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Data Validation

Task: Exploration



Stop will prevent user from entering incorrect information. Warning will warn the user (can include a message) and requires that the user okay entering invalidated information.

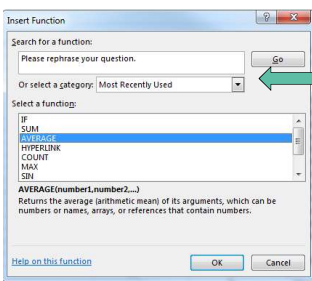
Basic Excel Functions

Task: calculate the mean, maximum and minimum age



Basic Excel Functions

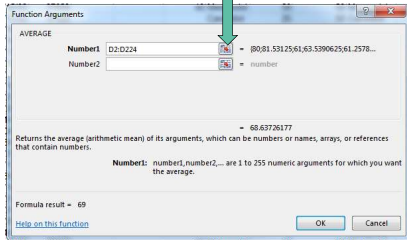
Task: calculate the mean, maximum and minimum age



You can also search for functions

Basic Excel Functions

- **Task: calculate the mean, maximum and minimum age**
Click on this box to select your data range (instead of typing the range)



Enter or select your desired data range. Could also enter values individually in the number boxes

Basic Excel Functions

- **Task: calculate the mean, maximum and minimum age**

mean	69
max	88
minimum	42

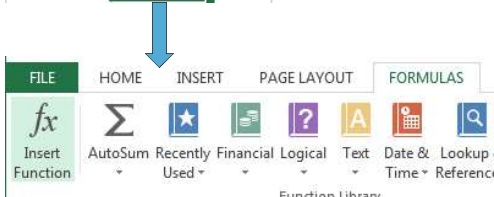
Calculated mean, maximum, and minimum ages in dataset.

CountIF and CountIFS

- **Task: count the number of females in the sample using Countif**

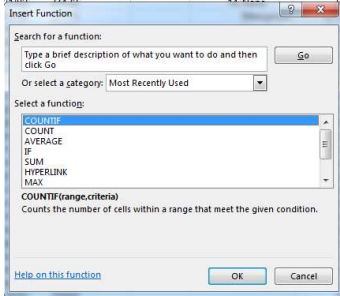
COPD	F	49

Select cell where you would like to insert the function



CountIF and CountIFS

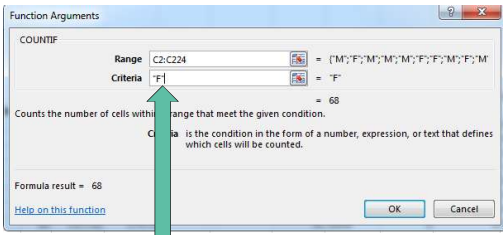
- Task: count the number of females in the sample using Countif



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CountIF and CountIFS

- Task: count the number of females in the sample using Countif



16

If counting something that is a word or letter, put in double quotes

CountIF and CountIFS

- Task: count the number of females in the sample using Countif

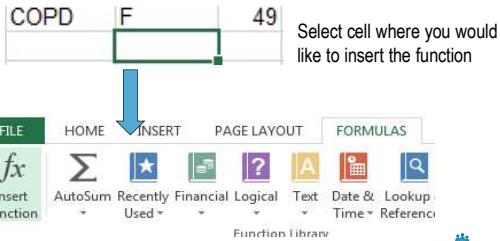
count F	68
---------	----

Total number of female patients in the dataset.

17

CountIF and CountIFS

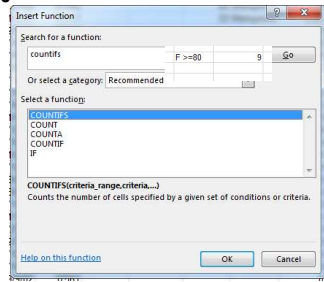
- Task: count the number of females ≥ 80 years old in the sample using Countifs



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CountIF and CountIFS

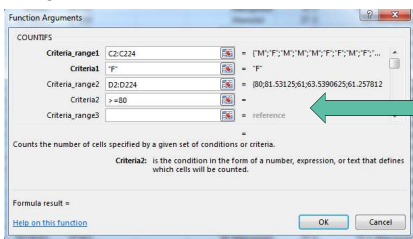
- Task: count the number of females ≥ 80 years old in the sample using Countifs



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CountIF and CountIFS

- Task: count the number of females ≥ 80 years old in the sample using Countifs



Use \geq to denote "greater than or equal to"

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CountIF and CountIFS

- Task: count the number of females ≥ 80 years old in the sample using Countifs

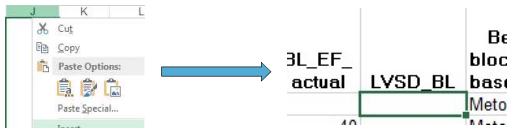
F >=80	9
--------	---

Number of female patients greater than or equal to 80 years old.

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IF Statements

- Task: insert a column after "BL_EF_actual" called "LVSD_BL" that displays a value of 1 if the patient's EF is <40% and 0 if EF is >40%, and blank if the EF is not available

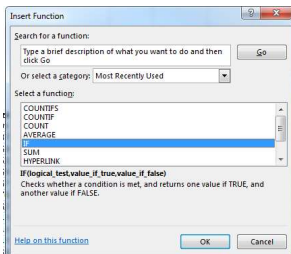


I typically enter the formula into one cell first, then drag down to the rest of the cells (if applicable) later

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IF Statements

- Task: insert a column after "BL_EF_actual" called "LVSD_BL" that displays a value of 1 if the patient's EF is <40% and 0 if EF is >40%, and blank if the EF is not available



63

IF Statements

- Task: insert a column after "BL_EF_actual" called "LVSD_BL" that displays a value of 1 if the patient's EF is <40% and 0 if EF is >40%, and blank if the EF is not available

Function Arguments

IF

Logical_test: I2="" = TRUE

Value_if_true: "" = --

Value_if_false: "" = --

Checks whether a condition is met, and returns one value if TRUE, and another value if FALSE.

Value_if_true is the value that is returned if Logical_test is TRUE. If omitted, TRUE is returned. You can nest up to seven IF functions.

Formula result =

Help on this function

OK Cancel

Since there are missing EF values in column I, need to embed an IF statement using "" to denote blank

IF Statements

- Task: insert a column after "BL_EF_actual" called "LVSD_BL" that displays a value of 1 if the patient's EF is <40% and 0 if EF is >40%, and blank if the EF is not available

Function Arguments

IF

Logical_test: I2="" = TRUE

Value_if_true: 1 = --

Value_if_false: IF(I2<40, 1, 0) = 1

Checks whether a condition is met, and returns one value if TRUE, and another value if FALSE.

Value_if_true is the value that is returned if Logical_test is TRUE. If omitted, TRUE is returned.

Formula result =

Help on this function

OK Cancel

Second IF statement indicating to show a 1 if I2<40, or otherwise to show a 0

IF Statements

- Task: insert a column after "BL_EF_actual" called "LVSD_BL" that displays a value of 1 if the patient's EF is <40% and 0 if EF is >40%, and blank if the EF is not available

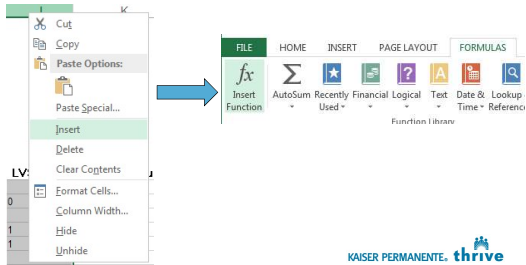
Final IF formula: `=IF(I2="",,IF(I2<40, 1, 0))`

This could be read as: IF I2 is blank, then insert blank. Otherwise, if I2 is less than 40 insert 1. Otherwise (if I2 is NOT less than 40), insert 0.

When this formula is dragged down the column, I2 will change to refer to I3, then I4, etc.

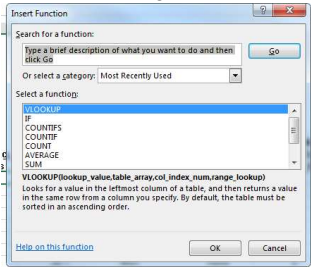
Vlookup

- Task: insert a column after the one you just created (LVSD_BL) that includes the discharge EF data available in Sheet 1



Vlookup

- Task: insert a column after the one you just created (LVSD_BL) that includes the discharge EF data available in Sheet 1



Vlookup

- Task: insert a column after the one you just created (LVSD_BL) that includes the discharge EF data available in Sheet 1

A screenshot of the 'Function Arguments' dialog box for the VLOOKUP function. The arguments are: Lookup_value: A2, Table_array: Sheet1!A2:B55, Col_index_num: 2, Range_lookup: FALSE. Green arrows point from explanatory text to these arguments. The text says: 'References the first "linking" cell (D) that is present in both datasets', 'All cells of the second spreadsheet (Sheet1) - this is where the formula will search for values', and 'In Sheet1, column B or the second column, contains the new values we want to insert into the cohort spreadsheet'. A note at the bottom states: 'False indicates that we want to find an exact match.' The logo 'KAISER PERMANENTE. thrive' is in the bottom right corner.

Vlookup

- **Task:** insert a column after the one you just created (LVSD_BL) that includes the discharge EF data available in Sheet 1

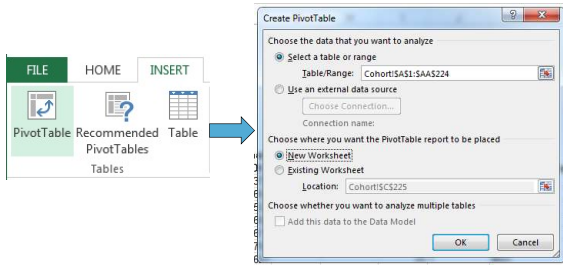
Final formula: `=VLOOKUP(A2,Sheet1!A$2:B$51,2,FALSE)`

Note that in Sheet1 there are only 51 patients with a follow-up EF whereas there are 223 patients in the cohort. Therefore, when this formula is applied to other cells, many will show "#N/A" which means not available.

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Pivot Tables

- **Task:** Display gender by COPD status in a separate worksheet

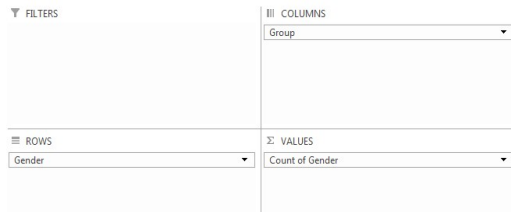


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Pivot Tables

- **Task:** Display gender by COPD status in a separate worksheet

Drag fields between areas below:



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Pivot Tables

- Task: Display gender by COPD status in a separate worksheet

Count of Gender	Group		
Gender	COPD	NoCOPD	Grand Total
F	23	45	68
M	63	92	155
Grand Total	86	137	223

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Pivot Tables

- Task: Display mean metoprolol equivalent dose at discharge by COPD status

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Pivot Tables

- Task: Display mean metoprolol equivalent dose at discharge by COPD status

Drag fields between areas below:

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Pivot Tables

- Task: Display mean metoprolol equivalent dose at discharge by COPD status

Value Field Settings

Source Name: Metoprolol Equivalent_discharge
 Custom Name: Average of Metoprolol Equivalent_discharge

Summarize value field by: Average

Number Format: [None]

OK Cancel

Pivot Tables

- Task: Display mean metoprolol equivalent dose at discharge by COPD status

Average of Metoprolol Equivalent_discharge	Group		
	COPD	NoCOPD	Grand Total
Total	97.06790123	107.4074074	103.5300926

Pivot Tables

- Task: display mean SBP by beta blocker agent at discharge, then limit to just patients receiving metoprolol

Create PivotTable

Choose the data that you want to analyze

Select a table or range

Table Range: =CohortSA51-SAAS224

Use an external data source

Choose where you want the PivotTable report to be placed

New Worksheet

Location: =CohortSC3225

Choose whether you want to analyze multiple tables

Add this data to the Data Model

OK Cancel

Pivot Tables

- Task: display mean SBP by beta blocker agent at discharge, then limit to just patients receiving metoprolol

Drag fields between areas below:

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Pivot Tables

- Task: display mean SBP by beta blocker agent at discharge, then limit to just patients receiving metoprolol

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Pivot Tables

- Task: display mean SBP by beta blocker agent at discharge, then limit to just patients receiving metoprolol

Average of SBP	Beta blocker_discharge	Total
Atenolol		124.6
Carvedilol		110.1538462
Metoprolol		115.6195652
NONE		88
Toprol XL		120
(blank)		105.5
Grand Total		115.4084507

Select the dropdown arrow to view filter options

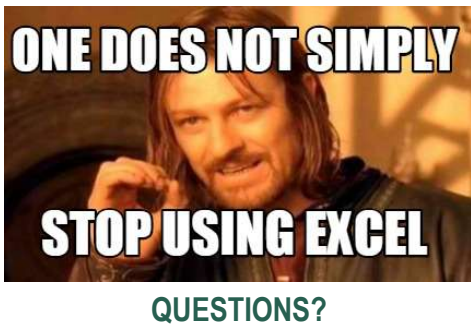
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Pivot Tables

- Task: display mean SBP by beta blocker agent at discharge, then limit to just patients receiving metoprolol

PivotTable	
Average of SBP	
Beta blocker discharge	Total
Metoprolol	115.6195652
Toprol XL	120
Grand Total	115.6432432

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Now...work on your data collection tool

- If time allows during the session...
 - Split into groups of 2-3
 - Revise your data collection tool employing principles discussed today
 - Review and provide feedback to your partner(s) about their tool

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